# HN O'CONOR BEETHOVEN: DIABELLI VARIATIONS STEINWAY & SONS



The Irish pianist John O'Conor has been gathering wonderful reviews for his masterly playing for over forty years — his unanimous 1st Prize at the International Beethoven Piano Competition in Vienna in 1973 opening the door to a career that has brought him all around the world. His recordings of the complete Beethoven Piano Sonatas led CD Review to say that he "by now should be recognized as the world's premier Beethoven interpreter." His recordings of the complete Beethoven Piano Concertos with the London Symphony Orchestra and Andreas Delfs have also been greeted with acclaim.

O'Conor is Chair of the Piano Division at
Shenandoah University in Virginia, a faculty
member at the Glenn Gould School of the Royal
Conservatory of Music in Toronto, International
Visiting Artist at the Royal Irish Academy of
Music and Visiting Professor at Showa University
in Japan. For his services to music he has been
decorated "Officier de l'Ordre des Arts et des
Lettres" by the French Government, awarded the
"Ehrenkreuz für Wissenschaft und Kunst" by the
Austrian Government, the "Order of the Rising
Sun" by the Japanese Government and has
received many other awards.

O'Conor is a Steinway Artist.

#### ALL OR NOTHING AT ALL

The Diabelli Variations (Op. 120, 1823) are the summation of Beethoven's solo piano output, following a year after his last statement in the sonata genre. They are neither easy to play nor easy to listen to. Even the enormous Op. 106 Hammerklavier Sonata strikes as more accessible. There is an intimidating, elusive quality to the work and it is no coincidence that another magnum opus of Beethoven's, composed with the same zeal and similarly difficult — the Missa Solemnis — was written at the same time.

Beethoven could not resist a good temptation. When in 1819 the call went out from composer-publisher Anton Diabelli to 50 composers that a variation of predetermined length should be provided by each to his 32-measure long waltz, Beethoven did not respond in the manner prescribed. For whichever reason (depending on which misleading tall tale you believe; you'll find most of them on Wikipedia), he eventually set about the task with maniacal effort. Rather than turning out a ditty on the fly, he wrote his grandest piano composition. Instead of filling out the lines on the provided piece of manuscript paper, he filled 83 more pages. Because the *Missa* and the last three piano sonatas were squeezed in between, it took him until 1823. Still, that was early enough for Diabelli, who recognized the work's genius, and published Beethoven's set even before the 50 responses he had gotten — Schubert, a teenage Franz Liszt, and Mozart *fils* among them.

Variations No. 8 and No. 20 share a musical kinship with the variation movement of Opus 111. Bach gets such a vigorous nod in variation No. 24, you might forget you are listening to Beethoven. The penultimate variation is a towering Fugue, the turbulent, deliberate contrast of which bewilders us: how could Diabelli's sweetly little waltz ever have ended up thus? And the last Variation is a humble Minuet like that a very young Beethoven might have written — as if he were coming full circle in a description of himself as a composer. On the topic of why it is less popular than admired, fortepianist Andreas Staier suggests that, apart from being musician's music, it has to do with Beethoven toying with severe irony: "Where Haydn was refreshingly surprising, Beethoven is unsettlingly sarcastic." Well, if this be sarcasm, Beethoven might have thought, let's make the most of it!

## BEETHOVEN

#### Variations (33) for Piano on a Waltz by Diabelli in C major, Op. 120

- 1 Theme: Vivace 0:53
- 2 Variation 1: Alla Marcia maestoso 1:50
- 3 Variation 2: Poco allegro 0:49
- 4 Variation 3: L'istesso tempo 1:18
- 5 Variation 4: Un poco più vivace 1:01
- 6 Variation 5: Allegro vivace 0:58
- 7 Variation 6: Allegro ma non troppo e serioso 1:54
- 8 Variation 7: Un poco più allegro 1:11
- 9 Variation 8: Poco vivace 1:29
- 10 Variation 9: Allegro pesante e risoluto 1:43
- 11 Variation 10: Presto 0:38
- 12 Variation 11: Allegretto 1:07
- 13 Variation 12: Un poco più moto 1:01
- 14 Variation 13: Vivace 1:02
- 15 Variation 14: Grave e maestoso 4:23
- 16 Variation 15: Presto scherzando 0:36
- 17 Variation 16: Allegro 1:03

- 18 Variation 17 1:02
- 19 Variation 18: Poco moderato 1:37
- 20 Variation 19: Presto 1:01
- 21 Variation 20: Andante 1:42
- 22 Variation 21: Allegro con brio 1:19
- 23 Variation 22: Allegro molto 0:53
- 24 Variation 23: Allegro assai 1:00
- 25 Variation 24: Fughetta Andante 2:33
- 26 Variation 25: Allegro 0:49
- 27 Variation 26: (Piacevole) 1:18
- 28 Variation 27: Vivace 1:09
- 29 Variation 28: Allegro 1:13
- 30 Variation 29: Adagio ma non troppo 1:24
- 31 Variation 30: Andante, sempre cantabile 1:25
- 32 Variation 31: Largo, molto espressivo 4:35
- 33 Variation 32: Fuga Allegro 3:00
- 34 Variation 33: Tempo di Menuetto moderato 4:05

## Beethoven: Diabelli Variations was recorded September 28-30, 2015 at Sono Luminus Studios, Boyce, VA

Executive Producer: Jon Feidner

Producer: Dan Merceruio | Engineer: Daniel Shores

Equipment: Pyramix using Merging Technologies Horus Converters;

mixed and mastered through Merging Technologies HAPI Converter

Production Assistant: Robert Hillinck

Administrative Assistant: Joanne Hong

Design: Cover to Cover Design, Anilda Carrasquillo

Cover Photo: Hugh O'Conor

Piano: Steinway Model D #590904 (New York)

Piano Technician: John Veitch

### JOHN O'CONOR PIANO

**LUDWIG VAN BEETHOVEN** (1770-1827)

Irish pianist John O'Conor, whose distinguished recordings of the complete Beethoven Sonatas and Concertos have been celebrated for years, now turns his attention to The Diabelli Variations (Op. 120, 1823), the summation of Beethoven's solo piano output.

Variations (33) for Piano on a Waltz by Diabelli in C major, Op. 120 Playing Time 53:17



